

The works of Brett Nortje part 94.

I have heard of people asking for bicycles, cheap bicycles for hobbies or for transport to school or work. if they were cheap enough, there would be less traffic for the willing person, instead of getting more stressed they will be burning off stress, yes? or, cheaper buses, but let's first try for the bicycle?

If there was a mold in the factory for the bicycles, it would go much quicker and require less human capital. if the tires were mass produced, they would be cheaper too. if it were locally produced especially, then it would be cheap.

So, if we were to for the tires, make them rubber strips that are long and cut with a molder or something that comes down, then that would be half the battle won. if they were to make the frames in a molten hot mold, then they could be filled, costing a little bit more, but they would be much cheaper and quicker to make than the other way regarding salaries for people making them.

Now, the buses could be made by making a mold for the outsides, then bolting it together firmly. but first, you would have the base, then the interior, then the outside attached. i estimate that it would cost thirteen thousand rand to make a single bus, yes?

For the metal for both these things, they could be made out of fiber glass.

To create a 'solidifier' would be great, as we could solidify thin air into solid matter. if you think about it, water vapor becomes water, and water becomes ice, so, it is possible, but, what elements do we need, and, what will they become?

So, we have oxygen, nitrogen and carbon dioxide in abundance, as well as helium and hydrogen. if we wanting to create some matter, we would need the carbon from carbon dioxide, as, this is

nearly fundamental in most things of use, like gold and oil, and all matter is sometimes referred to as carbon based, yes? if we were to observe that the ice becomes water, then water vapor, we could turn water into air with heat, yes? this is usually how it is done.

Maybe if we were to heat up some matter, we could make useful gases? this is after all how plants make oxygen, yes?

Now, if we were to want it to go the other way, we could create a 'fridge' out of nitrogen four, as, it will not melt under the power. with our fusion reactor, we could power quite a fridge unit, yes? this fridge unit will make air inside it into... something! then, we can use a chisel, or something fancier, to get what we want out of it.

Or, we could jumper boost the insides with cold fusion power fridge style, and lose the element. the element will be easily replaceable with some easily produced metals from our previous machine. but, what would keep it from melting again? will it merely be ice?

For this reason, the possibility of it melting, we should heat this icy stuff into liquids, liquids for the 'mixer.'

The mixer will be able to take the liquids, and filter out the useless stuff, and leave behind other elements. of course, adding other elements to the fridge - air elements? - would result in the solids being produced.

Of course, the other way would be heating air until it bonds to become solids. using different liquids will result in different matter.

How does matter come together? if we were to observe the bonds made around pluto, it could be possible anywhere. if we look at how the asteroid belt around the gas giants formed, how?

If we were to create a small black hole, like a star for nuclear energy, we could have it spit out matter of some sort, yes? tweaking the hole will lead to different elements being created. we can create said black hole by using my ideas about the quasar engine or weapon, but, we could simply spin an accretion disk very fast to create said 'hole.'

So, if we create a disk, we need to choose what is around it. in a nuclear power station, a star will explode if not worried over, and then lead to a explosion after it goes into a black hole. so, we can choose various elements to merge with the 'disk' and shoot them in tiny amounts into a containment. then, we can modify it to make different materials. i suppose it will take all the elements in there, all the air, and then explode them all over the place – splat!

To make people learn faster, or, more intelligent, as i call it, we need to speed up the reactions in their brains. this can be done by electro therapy, or, more cheaply and more consistently, with getting more conductors into our blood. this could be done orally by ingesting some 'metals,' yes? metals can be termed to be found in meat, so, if we were to fry steak and drink that stuff, or, even better, to drink some liquid metals, say, fruit juice diluted with little zinc or Cu, then we could speed up the nervous system's and brain's reactions, yes? this will mean everything will be slower, so we can read faster, but, does that actually make us learn faster?

If we were to eat a lot of sulfur, it is nearly a metal, so will help our brains function and our reactions will improve, more safely than digesting metal fruit juice.

Genetic modification i have already dabbled in, but i am sure there is a easier way? to develop muscles, people could ingest nitric oxide in great amounts to stimulate their muscles. keeping it there might be a problem though, but so far it is a 'sweating

thinner maker.'

So, if we were to get more nitric oxide into our blood stream, it will make the muscles more stimulated, and then you will develop. to keep it there, we need to create 'cells' that we swallow, or inject directly to these areas.

To become bigger, we could use the lipids in milk to bond to the bones, as, they are fat, so will form fat around the bones. this fat will make your bones stronger. then, you need to get the whole bone covered in fat, and it will just adjust you bones to become longer even, yes?